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GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR **NOVEMBER 1979** *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(October Data)

THE PUSH FOR COAL

In today's world of tightening energy supplies due to depleting supplies and political instability, alternatives are being sought for oil. One such alternative is coal. Coal mining has increased considerably in the past few years as demand for greater supplies has risen, not just in the nation, but in the world.

In the midst of this rising demand, there seems to be a shift in coal ownership and mining location. Relatively small coal companies are being bought out by the large oil corporations. Also, mining is shifting from Appalachia in the East to the Western states. Ever since the first energy crisis, oil companies have been aware of the need for alternative sources for fuel. Coal users, such as generating plants, are requiring more dependable supplies of coal over a longer period of time. Small coal companies are not able to meet this demand. The oil companies expect to be producing about 50 percent of all the coal consumed in America by 1985. Thus, as demand increases and small coal companies are unable to supply more, the oil companies will be there to meet the need in a more restricted market. A sidelight to oil company ownership is that they are better equipped and better able to afford time and money necessary for research and development of synthetic fuels.

The mining of coal has traditionally been in the Appalachian area of the East; however, strip mining in the West has been developing rapidly because of higher grade coal and more mechanization. The differences in coal mining in the two regions can be seen in the following table:

EAST	WEST
Underground mines	Strip mines
Concentrated labor	Draglines (earth-moving machines)
Problems: Black lung disease Labor relations Declining productivity	Problems: Air pollution Land reclamation Transportation
High sulfur content in coal	Low sulfur content in coal

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

The move to the West does not mean escape from coal mining problems. Probably the biggest dilemma facing coal producers is transportation. Under the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Act of 1976, the Interstate Commerce Commission assures the railroads of having revenues high enough to cover operating expenses. Therefore, railroads have regulary raised rates for hauling coal, which is frustrating to the coal producers since they have no alternative means of transport. These rising railroad rates have placed the transportation cost above the mining costs.

Coal consumers are recently being sought worldwide, particularly in the Far Eastern countries such as Japan and South Korea. This is due to a boom in steam-coal consumption and rising prices of coal from other countries, making U.S. coal more attractive. Some companies are even opening overseas mines to combat U.S. production and transportation costs. As world usage of coal becomes more predominant, coal itself will become an increasingly more viable alternative to oil consumption.

STATE AND NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT CHANGES

Georgia employment reflected a gain of 3,300 in October to a total of 2,028,800. The increase was due to a seasonal rise in state and local education and more business in retail trade. However, there were employment declines in manufacturing which were attributed to partial layoffs in several sectors. This drop is in line with national statistics which showed a rise in the unemployment rate to 6.0 percent in October due to job losses among industrial workers. Another indicator of the manufacturing slowdown nationally was the 4.2 percent decline in durable goods orders. The decrease was caused by a cutback in airplane orders.

Construction in Georgia fell 300 overall because of layoffs and shutdowns in residential and nonresidential building and special trade contracting. Again, this agrees with national figures which showed that housing construction went down by 8 percent in October and by more than 14 percent from last year. Building permits - indicators of future construction activity - were also on the downswing.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

BUTLER SHOES TO BUILD

Atlanta-based Butler Shoe Corporation has acquired land in Cobb County to build a three-story, 68,000 square-foot building for its national headquarters and a 128,000 square-foot building for its distribution center. A beginning-construction date has not been released.

GOVERNOR BUSBEE ANNOUNCES JAPANESE EXPANSION

Governor George Busbee released news that four Japanese manufacturing concerns are planning expansions in Georgia. Tenma Paper Mills and Company of Fuji Shizouka, Japan, plans to build a $30 million paperboard manufacturing plant on 40 acres on Colonels Island near Brunswick, Georgia. The plant will ultimately employ 150 people and manufacture wax-coated paper and paperboard. Sumitoma Heavy Industries plans to develop a manufacturing plant in Gwinnett County to make audio and video tapes. Two Tokyo-based manufacturers, Tokyo Electric Company Limited and Hitachi Limited, plan to expand existing facilities in Atlanta also for the purpose of making audio and video tapes.

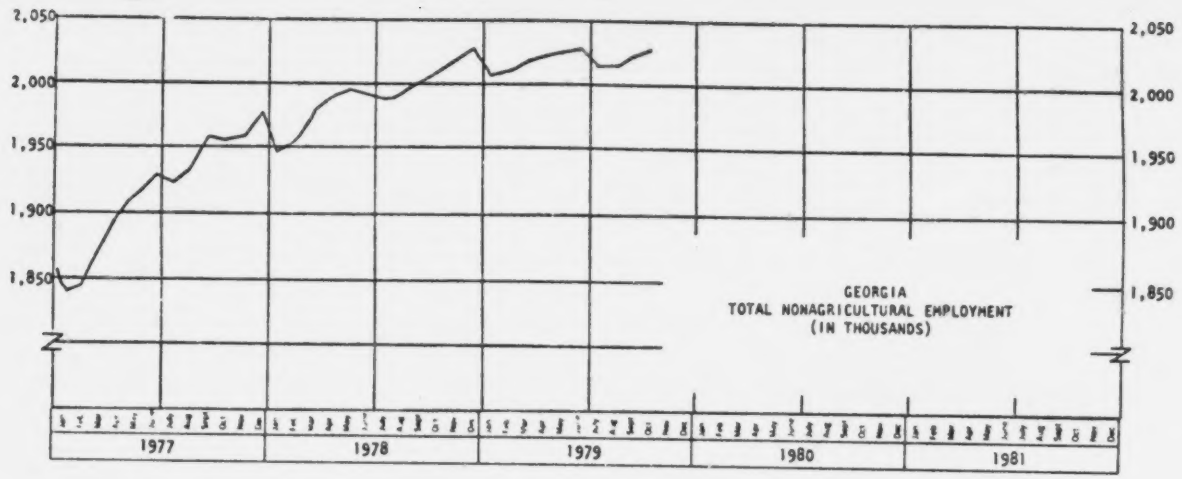
DUNFEY HOTEL REOPENED AND RENAMED

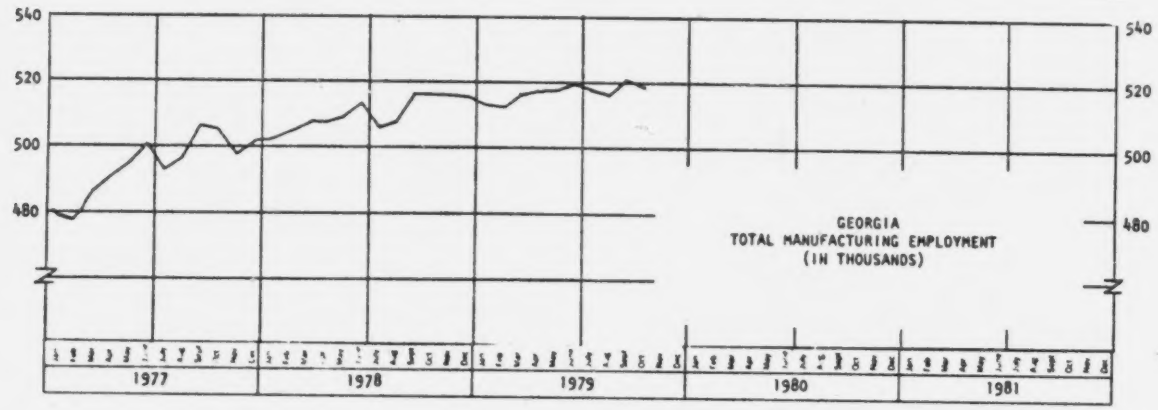
The Dunfey Royal Coach Hotel, now called the Dunfey Atlanta Hotel, reopened in November after a fire in March. The hotel is a three-story, 400-room facility and occupies 440,000 square feet.

JOHNSON & JOHNSON DROPS PLANS TO MOVE

Johnson & Johnson had previously announced plans to relocate a division headquarters from New Jersey to Atlanta. These plans were dropped, and the 87-acre site has been sold to International Business Machines. IBM has announced no plans for the property.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146.


2,050
2,000
1,950
1,900
1,850
GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981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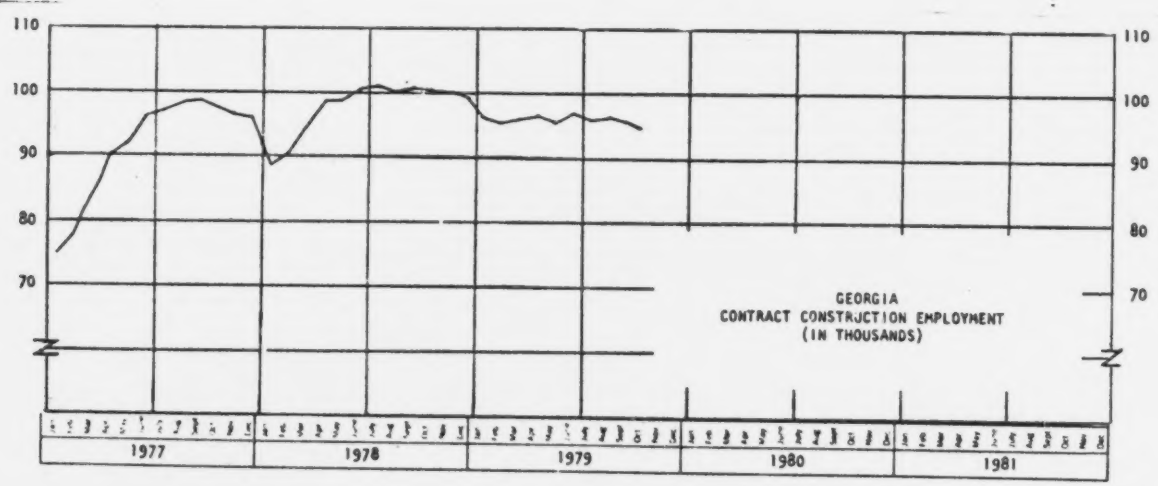
520
500
480
GEORGIA
TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981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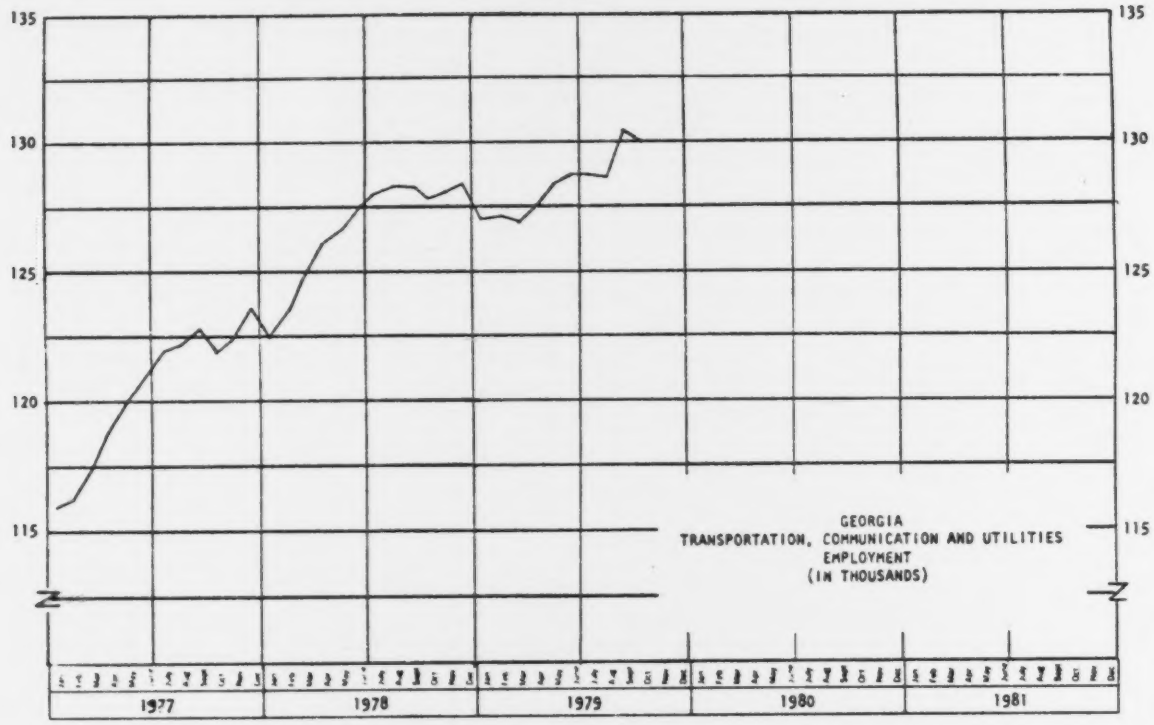
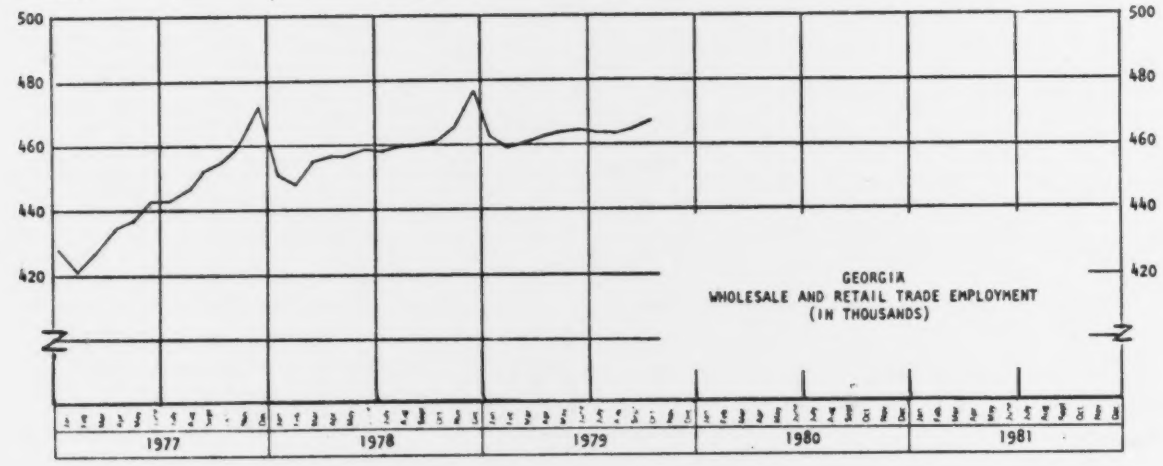
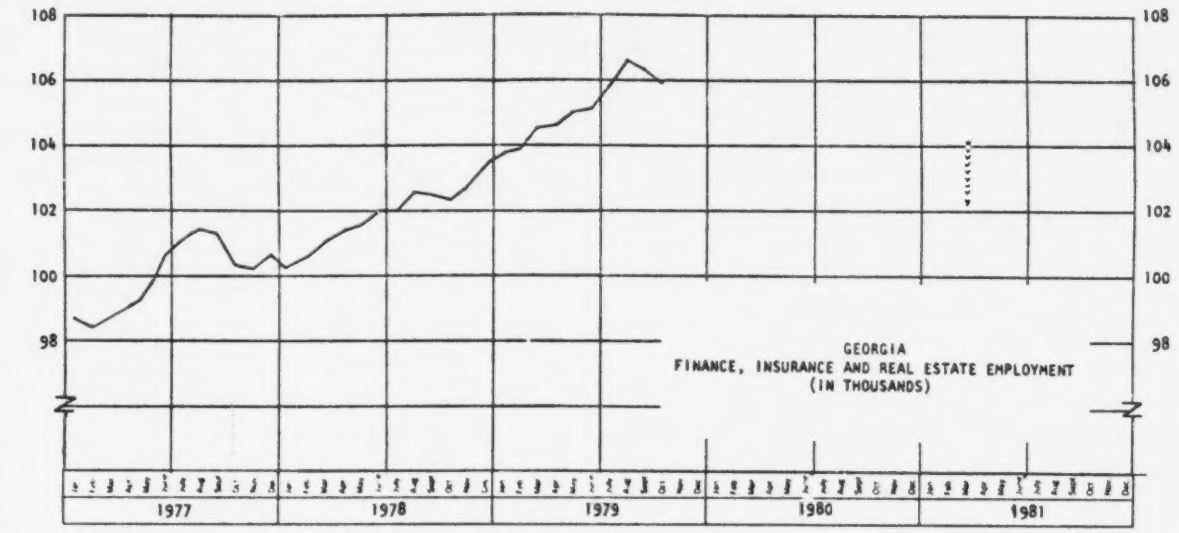
90
80
70
GEORGIA
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981


135
130
125
120
115
GEORGIA
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES
EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981


500
480
460
440
420
GEORGIA
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981


108
106
104
102
100
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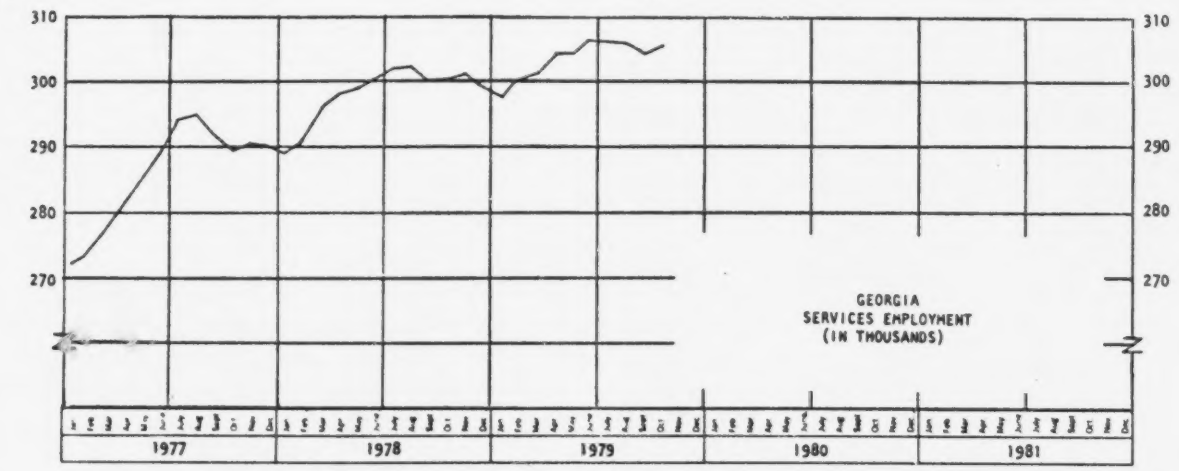
GEORGIA
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981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300
290
280
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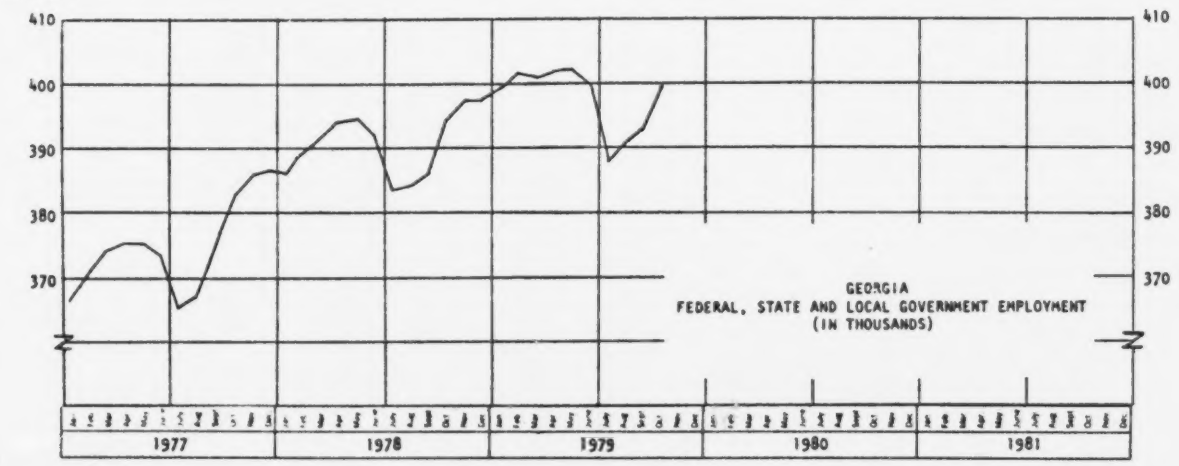
GEORGIA
SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981


410
400
390
380
370
GEORGIA
FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	2,028.8	2,025.5	2,010.4	3.3	18.4
MANUFACTURING	300005	518.1	521.7	515.9	3.6-	2.2
DURABLE GOODS	300025	176.8	178.2	176.4	1.4-	.4
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	28.9	29.1	29.0	.2-	.1-
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	15.6	15.6	15.4	.0	.2
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	9.4	9.4	9.7	.0	.3-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	7.0	7.0	7.2	.0	.2-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	18.7	18.4	18.1	.3	.6
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	16.5	16.4	15.7	.1	.8
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	20.3	20.4	20.4	.1-	.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	20.2	20.0	19.3	.2	.9
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.1	19.5	18.4	.4-	.7
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	32.4	33.4	34.5	1.0-	2.1-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	339915	11.4	11.6	11.4	.2-	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	341.3	343.5	339.5	2.2-	1.8
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	58.0	58.0	57.0	.0	1.0
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	22.0	22.1	20.6	.1-	1.4
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	15.1	15.1	14.0	.0	1.1
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.4	4.4	4.5	.0	.1-
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	9.3	9.1	9.1	.2	.2
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	122.0	123.3	122.4	1.3-	.4-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	29.4	29.6	29.7	.2-	.3-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	5.1	5.2	5.1	.1-	.0
KNITTING MILLS	422505	9.3	9.5	9.1	.2-	.2
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	33.0	33.6	32.5	.6-	.5
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	24.3	24.5	24.7	.2-	.4-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	75.4	75.6	75.3	.2-	.1
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	42.0	41.9	42.0	.1	.0
WOMENS AND CHOLDRENS CLOTHING	423335	21.0	21.4	20.9	.4-	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	27.3	27.7	27.0	.4-	.3
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.0	13.4	13.2	.4-	.2-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	7.0	7.0	6.7	.0	.3
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	22.1	22.0	21.4	.1	.7
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	7.6	7.6	7.5	.0	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.7	16.7	16.4	.0	.3
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.8	2.7	2.7	.1	.1
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	3.0	2.9	2.8	.1	.2
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	16.9	17.3	17.1	.4-	.2-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	1,510.7	1,503.8	1,494.5	6.9	16.2
MINING	100005	7.8	7.8	7.6	.0	.2
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	94.8	95.1	100.4	.3-	5.6-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	130.0	130.1	127.8	.1-	2.2
TRANSPORTATION	500015	77.2	77.5	77.8	.3-	.6-
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	32.7	32.7	30.9	.0	1.8
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	20.1	20.0	19.1	.1	1.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	466.9	465.6	461.2	1.3	5.7
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	147.1	147.1	145.1	.0	2.0
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	88.4	88.4	86.7	.0	1.7
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	58.6	58.7	58.4	.1-	.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	319.8	318.5	316.1	1.3	3.7
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	105.9	106.2	102.4	.3-	3.5
FINANCE	760025	44.6	44.9	43.1	.3-	1.5
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.6	39.6	38.6	.0	1.0
REAL ESTATE	765075	21.7	21.7	20.8	.0	.9
SERVICES	800005	305.9	305.3	300.5	.6	5.4
GOVERNMENT	998008	399.5	393.5	394.6	6.0	4.9
FEDERAL	998011	80.9	81.0	80.4	.1-	.5
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	318.5	312.6	314.2	5.9	4.3

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	398.8	402.6	399.9	3.8-	1.1-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	134.5	135.8	135.6	1.3-	1.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	264.3	266.8	264.3	2.5-	.0
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	39.5	39.5	38.9	.0	.6
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	103.2	104.4	103.9	1.2-	.7-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	26.3	26.5	26.6	.2-	.3-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	4.4	4.4	4.4	.0	.0
KNITTING MILLS	422505	7.7	8.0	7.7	.3-	.0
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	27.1	27.7	26.8	.6-	.3
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	21.7	21.8	21.8	.1-	.1-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	62.8	63.1	63.1	.3-	.3-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	34.8	34.8	35.0	.0	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	17.1	17.6	17.9	.5-	.8-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	23.4	23.3	23.6	.1	.2-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.3	8.4	8.5	.1-	.2-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	20.7	21.2	20.7	.5-	.0
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.0	10.4	10.3	.4-	.3-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	9.7	9.5	9.9	.2	.2-
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.9	2.8	2.4	.1	.5
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.5	14.4	14.2	.1	.3
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	11.9	12.0	11.1	.1-	.8
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	16.9	16.8	16.4	.1	.5
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	14.1	13.9	13.8	.2	.3
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	12.4	12.9	12.0	.5-	.4
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	23.4	24.2	26.0	.8-	2.6-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER — MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO OCT 79	PRV MO SEP 79	CM YA OCT 78	CUR MO OCT 79	PRV MO SEP 79	CM YA OCT 78	CUR MO OCT 79	PRV MO SEP 79	CM YA OCT 78
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$220.1[illegible]	$219.37	$202.71	40.7	40.7	40.3	$5.41	$5.39	$5.03
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$246.02	$243.54	$232.93	40.8	41.0	40.3	$6.03	$5.94	$5.78
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$207.06	$206.55	$187.40	40.6	40.5	40.3	$5.10	$5.10	$4.65
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$214.12	$210.25	$190.08	40.4	40.2	39.6	$5.30	$5.23	$4.80
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$199.66	$198.29	$178.45	42.3	42.1	41.5	$4.72	$4.71	$4.30
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$210.15	$214.40	$189.84	42.8	43.4	42.0	$4.91	$4.94	$4.52
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	$223.51	$231.03	$198.39	43.4	44.6	42.3	$5.15	$5.18	$4.69
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$159.95	$162.37	$136.62	40.7	40.9	39.6	$3.93	$3.97	$3.45
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$195.62	$189.32	$168.49	42.9	41.7	41.5	$4.56	$4.54	$4.06
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$200.45	$199.26	$190.53	41.5	41.6	43.4	$4.83	$4.79	$4.39
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$142.01	$139.73	$129.54	36.6	36.2	36.8	$3.88	$3.86	$3.52
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$138.60	$135.52	$131.75	36.0	35.2	36.7	$3.85	$3.85	$3.59
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$138.38	$138.96	$120.55	35.3	36.0	36.2	$3.92	$3.86	$3.33
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$164.72	$165.95	$165.64	39.5	39.7	40.4	$4.17	$4.18	$4.10
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$180.56	$157.12	$178.94	36.7	32.0	39.5	$4.92	$4.91	$4.53
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$350.18	$360.23	$328.26	43.5	44.2	44.3	$8.05	$8.15	$7.41
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$398.82	$427.12	$373.73	46.0	47.3	45.8	$8.67	$9.03	$8.16
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$292.95	$280.14	$272.54	45.0	43.5	44.1	$6.51	$6.44	$6.18
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$138.38	$132.59	$127.05	39.2	38.1	36.3	$3.53	$3.48	$3.50
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$251.10	$245.34	$215.90	44.6	43.5	41.6	$5.63	$5.64	$5.19
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$282.87	$293.99	$273.73	40.7	41.7	41.6	$6.95	$7.05	$6.58
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$256.96	$245.82	$224.47	44.0	42.9	40.3	$5.84	$5.73	$5.57
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$245.00	$234.39	$254.56	39.2	39.0	41.8	$6.25	$6.01	$6.09
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$229.93	$248.29	$226.35	42.5	48.4	38.3	$5.41	$5.13	$5.91
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$353.53	$348.87	$325.91	39.5	40.1	39.6	$8.95	$8.70	$8.23

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

OCT 79 MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA CURR MO= OCT 79 PREV MO= SEP 79 CURR MO YR AGO= OCT 78

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES TOTAL CURR	TOTAL PREV	TOTAL CHYA	NEW HIRE CURR	NEW HIRE PREV	NEW HIRE CHYA	RECALLS CURR	RECALLS PREV	RECALLS CHYA	SEPARATION RATES TOTAL CURR	TOTAL PREV	TOTAL CHYA	QUITS CURR	QUITS PREV	QUITS CHYA	LAYOFFS CURR	LAYOFFS PREV	LAYOFFS CHYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	4.6	4.3	4.2	3.9	3.7	3.6	.4	.3	.4	4.4	4.8	4.0	2.9	3.3	2.7	.6	.5	.4
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.2	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.0	3.0	.3	.2	.3	3.4	3.7	3.3	1.9	2.3	2.0	.7	.5	.3
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.1	4.0	3.8	.4	.4	.4	4.8	5.3	4.3	3.3	3.8	3.0	.6	.5	.4
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	5.7	5.4	5.5	4.6	4.6	4.1	.4	.2	.7	5.4	6.0	5.3	3.7	4.2	3.0	.5	.5	.6
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	5.3	4.3	4.7	4.6	3.8	4.1	.3	.3	.2	5.1	5.3	4.7	3.7	3.8	3.4	.5	.4	.4
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	5.0	4.6	5.4	4.1	3.6	4.5	.4	.6	.3	5.5	5.2	5.3	3.1	3.6	3.8	.9	.4	.3
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	3.2	5.7	4.3	2.9	5.4	3.9	.0	.0	.1	4.1	4.5	4.4	3.3	3.4	3.7	.0	.1	.1
KNITTING MILL	422505	6.7	3.3	3.7	6.2	2.6	3.1	.1	.6	.5	4.9	3.8	4.4	4.2	3.2	3.1	.0	.0	.3
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	6.3	5.1	5.9	5.9	4.9	5.6	.1	.1	.2	5.4	6.4	5.2	4.5	4.9	4.1	.4	.5	.2
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	4.2	3.4	4.1	3.5	3.1	3.4	.4	.1	.3	5.1	4.2	4.9	3.7	2.9	2.9	.1	.1	.9
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	5.7	5.6	5.5	4.9	4.6	4.8	.6	.8	.4	5.0	5.8	4.5	3.9	4.5	3.6	.4	.5	.2
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	5.2	5.2	5.1	4.5	4.1	4.0	.6	.9	.6	4.6	5.7	4.5	4.0	4.6	3.7	.1	.4	.2
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	6.0	5.5	6.9	4.6	4.3	6.3	1.1	.9	.3	5.7	6.5	5.2	3.9	4.6	4.3	.9	.9	.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	5.6	4.0	7.2	4.9	3.7	6.5	.5	.3	.7	5.4	5.5	6.3	3.8	4.3	4.8	.3	.4	.0
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	5.2	5.3	.5	4.9	5.0	.4	.0	.1	.1	4.6	3.9	.3	3.1	2.9	.3	.2	.1	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.1	.4	.2	.5	2.0	3.3	1.9	.8	1.7	.7	.5	.8	.6
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	1.1	1.5	1.2	.7	1.0	.9	.3	.2	.3	1.8	3.1	1.2	.8	1.4	.6	.6	.6	.2
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.1	.1	.1	.7	2.3	2.9	3.5	1.0	1.5	1.1	.3	.5	1.6
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	3.8	8.3	4.7	3.1	7.7	4.3	.6	.3	.3	7.1	7.2	4.5	2.9	4.6	3.3	3.2	.3	.6
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.3	2.7	1.8	1.9	2.2	1.5	.2	.4	.0	2.2	3.1	2.2	1.2	1.9	1.4	.1	.1	.1
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	3.1	7.1	3.6	3.0	6.0	2.9	.1	.8	.6	10.1	7.0	6.3	6.6	5.3	3.4	3.1	.7	2.2
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	6.0	4.5	5.8	5.2	3.0	5.1	.4	.6	.3	5.7	3.8	6.9	4.0	2.2	3.9	.5	.1	1.9
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	2.0	1.8	.9	1.8	1.4	.7	.0	.0	.1	1.0	2.0	2.4	.4	1.2	1.7	.0	.0	.2
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.2	3.1	3.4	4.3	2.9	3.2	.7	.1	.0	4.3	3.5	3.5	2.6	2.2	2.1	1.0	.5	.5
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	3.7	3.7	2.4	3.3	3.6	2.1	.2	.1	.3	2.6	3.4	1.7	1.5	2.0	.9	.2	.4	.0
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	4.8	5.3	2.8	4.7	4.7	2.2	.1	.1	.1	2.5	3.7	2.1	1.3	2.5	1.0	.7	.3	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	3.2	2.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	2.1	.4	.2	.6	2.5	3.3	2.2	.8	1.6	1.1	1.2	1.2	.3

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ADVANCES 2,700 IN ATLANTA SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, advanced 2,700 over the month to a level of 870,000 for October. This was 10,500 above the same month a year ago. Nonmanufacturing industries provided the increase for both reference periods.

MANUFACTURING DECLINES 1,500

Manufacturing, at 137,400, was down 1,500 over the month but remained 300 above the year ago total. Both durable and nondurable goods production experienced losses. A further reduction in the work force of one automobile assembly plant due to excess inventory, a labor dispute in one frozen food specialty plant, and fewer orders for prepared meat products were the primary factors contributing to the decline.

NONMANUFACTURING GAINS ARE SEASONAL

At 732,600, nonmanufacturing rose 4,200 from the September levels. Trade rose 1,600 with all the increase in the retail sector, mainly in department stores and miscellaneous retail establishments. State and local government rose 2,800. This was primarily a seasonal gain reflecting the return of nonteaching personnel in state and local education.

Nonmanufacturing rose 10,200 from the October estimate. One half of the increase was in government, primarily state and local. Gains in air transportation and telephone communication more than offset declines in motor freight and warehousing to raise employment 1,300 in transportation and public utilities. Finance, insurance and real estate rose 3,400 with sizable gains in the insurance and real estate segments. Services, up 3,000, reflected gains in hospitals, medical and health and miscellaneous services. The loss of 2,400 in construction was shared by all sectors. The slight drop in trade was confined to retail.

OUTLOOK

The employment outlook for January can be expected to decline from the current level. Most of the declines will be seasonal. Post-Christmas layoffs can be anticipated in trade. Weather conditions and monetary restraints will probably hamper construction. Service industries may be expected to reflect seasonal declines, especially hotels and amusement and recreation facilities. Unemployment should rise slightly.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

PLANT EXPANSION AT CUMMING. Phillips and Brooks, Inc., of Cumming, is presently in the process of constructing a new facility that will triple the size of the building. According to a company official, the new building is being constructed behind the present facility located on U.S. Highway 19 South. It will contain 100,000 square feet for manufacturing and an additional 10,000 square feet of office space. Construction began in September, and the projected completion date is July 1980. Phillips and Brooks is the second largest producer of telephone booths in the U.S., shipping all over the world. The company presently employs 65 and is expected to reach 125 with the addition.

HOME BUILDING PERMITS INCREASE. The number of single-family home building permits in the Atlanta metropolitan area increased from 1,146 in September to 1,305 in October, according to the monthly report of the Home Builders Association of Metropolitan Atlanta. Also, permits for multi-family units were up from 171 in September to 710 in October.

Note. Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YAGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YAGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	870.0	867.3	859.5	2.7	10.5
MANUFACTURING	300005	137.4	138.9	137.1	1.5-	.3
DURABLE GOODS	300025	68.8	69.7	68.5	.9-	.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.1	3.0	3.1	.1	.0
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	3.3	3.1	3.3	.2	.0
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	2.2	2.0	2.1	.2	.1
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.7	7.7	7.5	.0	.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	5.0	4.9	4.7	.1	.3
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.8	8.0	7.8	.2-	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	6.9	6.8	6.2	.1	.7
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	8.7	8.6	7.9	.1	.8
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	23.1	24.3	24.9	1.2-	1.8-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.3	3.3	3.2	.0	.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	68.6	69.2	68.6	.6-	.0
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	17.7	18.3	18.4	.6-	.7-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.0	5.3	5.1	.3-	.1-
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	7.0	7.1	6.4	.1-	.6
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.2	4.1	4.0	.1	.2
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.2	1.2	.7	.0	.5
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.3	10.3	10.4	.0	.1-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.3	4.4	4.5	.1-	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.5	3.5	3.5	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	7.3	7.2	7.3	.1	.0
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.2	4.1	4.2	.1	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	14.2	14.0	13.7	.2	.5
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	5.4	5.4	5.5	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	7.4	7.4	7.4	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.7	4.9	5.0	.2-	.3-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	732.6	728.4	722.4	4.2	10.2
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	37.2	37.6	39.6	.4-	2.4-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	79.4	79.8	78.1	.4-	1.3
TRANSPORTATION	500015	52.1	52.6	52.1	.5-	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	239.0	237.4	239.3	1.6	.3-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	92.0	92.3	91.2	.3-	.8
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	61.4	61.6	60.2	.2-	1.2
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	30.6	30.7	31.0	.1-	.4-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	146.9	145.1	148.1	1.8	1.2-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	62.5	62.6	59.1	.1-	3.4
FINANCE	760025	22.7	22.8	21.8	.1-	.9
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	24.6	24.6	23.4	.0	1.2
SERVICES	800055	160.3	159.7	157.3	.6	3.0
GOVERNMENT	998008	154.2	151.3	149.0	2.9	5.2
FEDERAL	998011	29.7	29.5	29.3	.2	.4
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	124.5	121.7	119.7	2.8	4.8

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	95.0	96.5	96.4	1.5-	1.4-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	49.0	50.0	50.1	1.0-	1.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	46.0	46.5	46.3	.5-	.3-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	9.9	10.4	10.7	.5-	.8-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	6.0	5.9	5.4	.1	.6
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.3	8.4	8.6	.1-	.3-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.8	3.9	4.0	.1-	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.8	2.8	2.9	.0	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	2.4	2.4	2.6	.0	.2-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.5	2.5	2.8	.0	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	5.5	5.5	5.6	.0	.1-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	3.0	3.0	3.0	.0	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.5	3.5	3.8	.0	.3-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.5	5.5	5.4	.0	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.3	3.3	3.1	.0	.2
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.8	6.1	6.1	.3-	.3-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.6	4.5	4.1	.1	.5
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	16.8	17.8	18.9	1.0-	2.1-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO OCT 79	PRV MO SEP 79	CM YA OCT 78	CUR MO OCT 79	PRV MO SEP 79	CM YA OCT 78	CUR MO OCT 79	PRV MO SEP 79	CM YA OCT 78
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$255.71	$255.44	$232.83	39.4	40.1	39.0	$6.49	$6.37	$5.97
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$288.51	$287.52	$267.11	39.2	40.1	38.6	$7.36	$7.17	$6.92
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$220.57	$221.90	$195.32	39.6	40.2	39.3	$5.57	$5.52	$4.97
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$203.84	$199.54	$195.03	38.1	38.3	39.4	$5.35	$5.21	$4.95
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$196.11	$191.88	$169.66	41.2	41.0	40.3	$4.76	$4.68	$4.21
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$158.40	$162.63	$140.82	36.0	37.3	36.2	$4.40	$4.36	$3.89
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$160.06	$167.32	$143.72	35.1	37.1	35.4	$4.56	$4.51	$4.06
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$159.04	$162.58	$133.22	35.5	36.7	36.2	$4.48	$4.43	$3.68
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$179.17	$177.23	$154.39	41.0	41.8	38.5	$4.37	$4.24	$4.01
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	$198.37	$201.47	$188.67	36.6	36.9	35.2	$5.42	$5.46	$5.36
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$295.58	$297.40	$270.43	42.9	43.8	43.2	$6.89	$6.79	$6.26
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$279.60	$287.97	$249.40	42.3	44.1	42.2	$6.61	$6.53	$5.91
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$231.60	$239.80	$241.49	38.6	40.1	43.2	$6.00	$5.98	$5.59
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$238.90	$240.19	$223.51	43.2	43.2	41.7	$5.53	$5.56	$5.36
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$377.13	$396.96	$352.28	43.1	44.6	42.7	$8.75	$8.90	$8.25
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$236.96	$227.92	$276.35	37.2	37.0	44.5	$6.37	$6.16	$6.21
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$224.01	$212.81	$226.88	39.3	37.8	43.8	$5.70	$5.63	$5.18
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$387.61	$380.25	$342.02	38.8	39.9	38.3	$9.99	$9.53	$8.93

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

OCT 79

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(1T-10N)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= OCT 79 PREV MO= SEP 79 CURR MO YR AGO= OCT 78

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	4.3	3.9	3.3	3.7	3.4	2.8	.4	.2	.3	3.7	4.1	3.1	2.0	2.4	1.8	.9	.7	.5
DURABLE GOODS	300075	4.4	3.1	2.6	3.7	2.6	2.1	.4	.2	.3	3.2	3.3	2.5	1.7	1.7	1.2	.8	.6	.4
NONDURABLE GOODS	400095	4.2	4.6	4.1	3.7	4.2	3.4	.4	.3	.4	4.4	5.0	3.7	2.3	3.1	2.3	1.0	.6	.7
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.9	2.2	2.3	1.4	2.0	1.8	.2	.0	.1	3.0	3.0	1.7	1.3	1.7	.7	.9	.6	.2
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	5.6	5.6	6.6	5.2	5.0	6.0	.2	.5	.6	5.0	5.2	7.2	3.9	4.2	4.6	.0	.3	1.2
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	9.5	6.8	7.0	9.0	5.7	5.9	.5	.8	.3	5.6	5.4	5.4	3.9	4.0	3.7	.7	.6	.9
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	3.9	9.7	1.0	3.9	9.2	.8	.0	.5	.2	4.1	5.8	1.0	2.6	4.3	.8	.2	.5	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.7	2.3	3.1	2.0	2.1	1.7	.4	.1	1.3	3.5	4.4	4.4	1.3	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.9	2.1
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	3.9	3.8	3.7	2.5	3.2	3.3	1.2	.6	.3	7.3	6.5	3.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.6	.4	.2
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.7	3.8	2.7	3.7	3.8	2.7	.0	.0	.0	3.8	4.1	3.0	2.4	2.3	2.6	.1	.0	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	2.2	1.7	.9	2.0	1.4	.7	.1	.0	.0	1.1	2.3	2.7	.6	1.7	1.9	.0	.0	.2
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.5	4.3	4.7	4.3	4.1	4.4	.1	.1	.1	3.4	3.3	1.9	1.5	2.0	1.1	.3	.0	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.6	1.4	1.5	1.6	.8	.8	.3	.2	.5	2.2	2.2	1.3	.3	.4	.7	1.5	1.5	.0

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

SEASONAL GAINS IN ALBANY EMPLOYMENT

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany area, at 44,100, showed a gain of 400 for the month of October. Most of the monthly gains were in the trade division. Over the year, employment showed an increase of 2,000 jobs. Almost all estimating divisions showed some annual gains.

Manufacturing, at 11,500, was unchanged over the month. A small gain in the nondurable goods segment was offset by a loss in durable goods. Annually, manufacturing rose by 900 jobs. Gains were recorded in both durable and nondurable goods during the year.

Nonmanufacturing, at 32,600, was up 400 over the month and up 1,100 for the year. Over the month, a small decline in contract construction was offset by gains in the trade and service segments largely due to the approach of the winter shopping season. The next month should see a continuation of declines in construction and gains in trade.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

MANUFACTURING, GOVERNMENT AND SERVICES INCREASE AUGUSTA EMPLOYMENT

Employment in the Augusta area rose to 121,500, an increase of 200 jobs. Gains in manufacturing, government, and services accounted for the increase. A decline in trade partially offset these increments. Annually, a gain of 1,100 was recorded. Trade and construction were the only major industry divisions to record losses over the year. All other major industry divisions shared in the increase.

Manufacturing, at 36,400, was up 100 over the month, triggered by increments in stone, clay and glass products, but was partially offset by a moderate decline in apparel and other textile products. Clay refractories accounted for the increase in stone, clay and glass products, while the loss sustained in apparel was attributable to less activity in miscellaneous finished textile products.

Annually, manufacturing rose 200. Stone, clay and glass product manufacturing was up 200, resulting partly from more activity in clay refractories. Textile mill products dropped 400 as a result of less business in broad woven goods. Apparel was down 100, triggered by less activity in miscellaneous finished textile products. "Other nondurable goods" increased 400, with more business in both paper and chemicals.

Construction, at 6,800, remained unchanged over the month but dropped 600 over the year as projects were completed. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, was unchanged over the month but rose 200 annually, with increments dispersed through most of the division. Trade, at 24,800, dropped 100 over the month, with declines in the retail sector wiping out a moderate rise in the wholesale subdivision. Annually, this division dropped 100 as consumers tightened their spending habits moderately. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,400, was unchanged over the month but rose 100 over the year, with more activity in both insurance and financial firms. Services and mining, at 15,600, was up 100 over the month, with more activity in hotels, colleges, auto repair shops, and protective service firms. This division rose 600 over the year mainly for the same reason.

OUTLOOK: Employment will rise somewhat in trade through the remainder of the calendar year in accordance with consumer demands for Christmas purchases. Otherwise, little change is anticipated. The first quarter of the calendar year 1980 will see both trade and construction losing employment. Housing construction currently being curtailed will have a significant impact on the local economy as the downturn is effected.

Note: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

COLUMBUS EMPLOYMENT REFLECTS LOSS IN NONMANUFACTURING

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment totaled 81,800 in October. This was 400 below last month's estimate, mainly due to losses in nonmanufacturing, and a gain of 1,300 from last year.

Manufacturing employment remained the same in all groups over the month except lumber and wood products, which dropped 100 jobs. Over the year, a gain of 400 jobs resulted due to increases in metals and machinery, textile mill products, apparel and other finished textile products, and printing, publishing and allied products.

Nonmanufacturing employment, at 60,900, suffered a loss of 600 from September. The heaviest loss occurred in state and local government, primarily due to the termination of youths hired by local government under the summer youth program and changes brought about by new CETA contracts. Over the year, nonmanufacturing gained 800 workers.

Contract construction lost 300 employees from the previous month and revealed a loss of 800 jobs from one year ago. Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services employment remained the same as September and had 200 more jobs than one year ago. Trade remained constant from the previous month and was 100 less than a year earlier. Finance, insurance and real estate lost 100 workers from last month and had 300 more employees than one year ago. Services and miscellaneous employment gained 200 workers from September, primarily due to hiring for the county fair. An increase of 300 was noted from last year.

Government employment lost 500 employees from September, primarily due to seasonal employment coming to a close and changes caused by new CETA contracts in local government. Federal employment dropped 100. Over the year, government jobs increased due to a gain of 1,200 in state and local government.

SPECIAL INTEREST NOTE: The *Columbus Enquirer* reported that during October, housing permits issued totaled $1.66 million, up 23 percent over the month and up 26 percent over the previous October. During the month, 35 permits were issued for new home construction.

Note: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst Richard Mann, (404)571-7423

MACON EMPLOYMENT DOWN 100

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 94,500 in October. The current preliminary estimate showed a decrease of 100 from September and a decline of 1,900 from October 1978. During the month, manufacturing lost 200, with declines in durable and nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing added 100, with gains in trade and services being partially affected by a drop in government.

Annually, manufacturing was down 1,000, with durable goods reducing 200 and nondurable goods decreasing 800. Nonmanufacturing lost 900, with a large decline in construction and smaller losses in trade and government. Transportation, communication, gas, electric and sanitary services and finance, insurance and real estate recorded small gains, with services remaining unchanged.

Manufacturing, at 14,600, was down 200 from last month and down 1,000 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods declined 100, with a loss in "other durable goods." Nondurable goods dropped 100 with a loss in food being partially offset by a gain in "other nondurable goods." Stone, clay and glass was up slightly, and nonelectric machinery remained unchanged. Nondurable goods fell 800, with declines in food, textiles, apparel, paper and "other nondurable goods."

Construction, at 4,300, was unchanged from September and down 700 from a year ago. Annually, losses in general construction were partially offset by a gain in heavy construction. Transportation, communication, gas, electric and sanitary services, at 4,600, was unchanged from last month and up 100 from October 1978. Most of the annual gain was in transportation. Trade, at 19,600, was up 100 from September and down 200 from October 1978. Most of the change in all reporting periods was in retail trade. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,800, was unchanged from last month and up 100 from a year ago. Most of the annual gain was in insurance. Services, at 15,100, was up 100 from September and unchanged from a year ago. Most of the monthly increase was in private education. Government, at 30,400, was down 200 from last month and down 200 from October 1978. During the month, the federal segment rose 100 and the state and local segment declined 200. Annually, the federal segment was unchanged, and the state and local segment decreased 100.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Thomas G. Matthews, (912) 744-6167.

MANUFACTURING LOSS CAUSES SAVANNAH EMPLOYMENT DECREASE

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA continued to inch down. The present level of 83,100 was down 400 over the previous month of September, and down 200 over the year. However, over the year, 1979 employment has averaged over 84,000, with a high of 85,000.

Manufacturing employment declined by 400 over the month and 200 over the year. Surprisingly, the durable goods sector remained fairly stable with only slight losses occurring over the year. Nondurable goods declined over the month with losses occurring in food, chemicals and paper. Only paper showed any significant loss; however, the loss may only be temporary. The manufacturing sector is expected to decline over the next few months. The extent of the decline will depend on economic developments.

Nonmanufacturing as a whole remained stable over the year. Contract construction saw a slight increase in the special trade contractors sector; however, this increase appears to be temporary in nature and further declines are expected over the next few months. Wholesale and retail trade declined only slightly over the month; however, this decline comes at a time when the sector normally increases. Should inflation continue to outrun personal income, further declines in trade can be expected. The governmental sector declined 300 over the month, with the majority of the loss occurring in local government. This sector will probably level off as the special programs (CETA, etc.,) stabilize.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

OCTOBER , 1979

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	44.1	43.7	42.1	.4	2.0
MANUFACTURING	300005	11.5	11.5	10.6	.0	.9
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.2	2.3	1.9	.1-	.3
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	1.0	1.0	.7	.0	.3
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.3	1.3	1.1	.0	.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	9.3	9.2	8.8	.1	.5
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	428005	.7	.6	.7	.1	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	5.1	5.1	4.6	.0	.5
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	32.6	32.2	31.5	.4	1.1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.5	3.6	3.4	.1-	.1
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	2.0	2.0	1.8	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	9.7	9.3	9.3	.4	.4
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.2	3.0	2.9	.2	.3
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.5	6.3	6.5	.2	.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	1.8	1.8	1.7	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	5.4	5.3	5.0	.1	.4
GOVERNMENT	998008	10.2	10.2	10.2	.0	.0
FEDERAL	998011	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	7.3	7.3	7.4	.0	.1-

Note: Estimates were prepared by an area analyst, based on reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties, Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates are based on first quarter 1978 benchmark. Pertinent data for prior periods have been revised to reflect the latest information available. The data were compiled as a part of a cooperative program with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000005	121.5	121.3	120.4	.2	1.1
MANUFACTURING	300005	36.4	36.3	36.2	.1	.2
DURABLE GOODS	300025	9.7	9.6	9.6	.1	.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	4.1	4.0	3.9	.1	.2
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.5	2.5	2.5	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	26.7	26.7	26.7	.0	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.1	10.1	10.5	.0	.4-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.8	2.9	2.9	.1-	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	10.6	10.6	10.2	.0	.4
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	85.1	84.9	84.2	.2	.9
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	6.8	6.8	7.4	.0	.6-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.4	4.4	4.2	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	24.8	24.9	24.9	.1-	.1-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.9	3.8	3.8	.1	.1
RETAIL TRADE	652005	20.9	21.1	21.2	.2-	.3-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.4	4.4	4.3	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.6	15.5	15.0	.1	.6
GOVERNMENT	998008	29.1	28.9	28.3	.2	.8
FEDERAL	998011	6.8	6.8	6.8	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	22.3	22.2	21.6	.1	.7

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	81.8	82.2	80.5	.4-	1.3
MANUFACTURING	300005	20.8	20.7	20.4	.1	.4
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.0	6.0	5.8	.0	.2
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.6	.7	.6	.1-	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.6	4.6	4.3	.0	.3
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	14.8	14.7	14.6	.1	.2
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.6	3.6	3.7	.0	.1-
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	8.3	8.3	8.2	.0	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.9	.9	.8	.0	.1
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.9	.9	.8	.0	.1
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.0	.0	.1
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	60.9	61.5	60.1	.6-	.8
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.3	4.6	5.1	.3-	.8-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.5	3.5	3.3	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	17.1	17.1	17.2	.0	.1-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.6	2.6	2.8	.0	.2-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.4	14.5	14.5	.1-	.1-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.2	5.3	5.2	.1-	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	10.9	10.7	10.6	.2	.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	19.8	20.3	18.6	.5-	1.2
FEDERAL	998011	6.0	6.1	6.0	.1-	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	13.8	14.2	12.6	.4-	1.2

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	94.5	94.6	96.4	.1-	1.9-
MANUFACTURING	300005	14.6	14.8	15.6	.2-	1.0-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.5	4.6	4.7	.1-	.2-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324065	.7	.8	.8	.1-	.1-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.5	1.5	1.4	.0	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.1	2.2	2.3	.1-	.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.1	10.2	10.9	.1-	.8-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.8	2.8	2.9	.0	.1-
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.6	1.7	2.0	.1-	.4-
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	1.8	1.8	2.0	.0	.2-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.7	1.6	1.8	.1	.1-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	79.9	79.8	80.8	.1	.9-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.3	4.3	5.0	.0	.7-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.6	19.5	19.8	.1	.2-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.8	5.8	5.7	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.1	15.0	15.1	.1	.0
GOVERNMENT	998008	30.4	30.6	30.6	.2-	.2-
FEDERAL	998011	16.0	15.9	16.0	.1	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	14.5	14.7	14.6	.2-	.1-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEURGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.1	83.5	83.3	.4-	.2-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.5	16.9	16.7	.4-	.2-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.2	6.2	6.3	.0	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324005	1.2	1.2	1.3	.0	.1-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324305	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	3.0	3.1	2.9	.1-	.1
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.9	1.9	2.2	.0	.3-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.3	10.6	10.4	.3-	.1-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.9	2.0	1.9	.1-	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.8	5.1	4.9	.3-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.6	1.7	1.7	.1-	.1-
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	66.6	66.6	66.6	.0	.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.6	4.4	6.5	.2	1.9-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	10.3	10.3	8.4	.0	1.9
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.3	19.4	19.3	.1-	.0
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.7	4.7	4.4	.0	.3
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.6	14.7	14.8	.1-	.2-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.2	4.2	4.0	.0	.2
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	13.6	13.5	13.6	.1	.0
GOVERNMENT	998008	14.7	14.9	14.9	.2-	.2-
FEDERAL	998011	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	12.0	12.2	12.3	.3-	.4-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979 — MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.1	11.5	11.6	.4-	.5-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.0	3.9	4.5	.1	.5-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.1	7.6	7.1	.5-	.0
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	1.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.5	4.0	3.7	.5-	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER — MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO OCT 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING PRV MO SEP 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CM YA OCT 78	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO OCT 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PRV MO SEP 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CM YA OCT 78	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO OCT 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING PRV MO SEP 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CM YA OCT 78
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$306.51	$311.96	$279.07	43.6	44.0	43.2	$7.03	$7.09	$6.46
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$275.37	$284.91	$229.80	42.3	43.3	40.6	$6.51	$6.58	$5.66
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$323.83	$326.78	$309.57	44.3	44.4	44.8	$7.31	$7.36	$6.91
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$187.50	$190.64	$208.49	38.5	39.8	42.9	$4.87	$4.79	$4.86
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$386.69	$377.94	$346.63	46.2	45.1	44.9	$8.37	$8.38	$7.72
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$276.62	$277.45	$322.10	43.7	43.9	49.1	$6.33	$6.32	$6.56
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$326.76	$340.18	$263.95	44.7	45.6	43.2	$7.31	$7.46	$6.11

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

(Trends:)

Cost $351.37
Quantity 3.000

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Area and Employment	Preliminary October 1979	Revised September 1979	October 1978	Change From Revised September 1979	Change From October 1978
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,370,145	2,359,400	2,335,808	10,745	34,337
Employed	2,248,497	2,243,563	2,210,809	4,934	37,688
Unemployed	121,648	115,837	124,999	5,811	-3,351
Rate	5.1	4.9	5.4	xxx	xxx
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	51,390	50,816	48,595	574	2,795
Employed	48,234	47,725	45,512	509	2,722
Unemployed	3,156	3,091	3,083	65	73
Rate	6.1	6.1	6.3	xxx	xxx
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	921,044	915,860	913,359	5,184	7,685
Employed	878,852	874,800	866,996	4,052	11,856
Unemployed	42,192	41,060	46,363	1,132	-4,171
Rate	4.6	4.5	5.1	xxx	xxx
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	127,451	127,257	125,330	194	2,121
Employed	120,411	120,045	117,810	366	2,601
Unemployed	7,040	7,212	7,520	-172	-480
Rate	5.5	5.7	6.0	xxx	xxx
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,387	88,799	84,886	-412	3,501
Employed	82,613	82,990	79,704	-377	2,909
Unemployed	5,774	5,809	5,182	-35	592
Rate	6.5	6.5	6.1	xxx	xxx
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	100,776	100,762	103,067	14	-2,291
Employed	95,158	95,136	96,752	22	-1,594
Unemployed	5,618	5,626	6,315	-8	-697
Rate	5.6	5.6	6.1	xxx	xxx
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	89,433	89,746	90,285	-313	-852
Employed	84,475	84,771	84,653	-296	-178
Unemployed	4,958	4,975	5,632	-17	-674
Rate	5.5	5.5	6.2	xxx	xxx

In accordance with U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates , not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary October 1979	Revised September 1979	October 1978	Change From Revised September 1979	Change From October 1978
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	127,451	127,257	125,330	194	2,121
Employed	120,411	120,045	117,810	366	2,601
Unemployed	7,040	7,212	7,520	-172	-480
Rate	5.5	5.7	6.0	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,558	85,490	79,675	68	5,883
Employed	80,625	80,448	74,891	177	5,734
Unemployed	4,933	5,042	4,784	-109	149
Rate	5.8	5.9	6.0	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	41,893	41,767	45,655	126	-3,762
Employed	39,786	39,597	42,919	189	-3,133
Unemployed	2,107	2,170	2,736	-63	-629
Rate	5.0	5.2	6.0	xxx	xxx

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary October 1979	Revised September 1979	October 1978	Change From Revised September 1979	Change From October 1978
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,387	88,799	84,886	-412	3,501
Employed	82,613	82,990	79,704	-377	2,909
Unemployed	5,774	5,809	5,182	-35	592
Rate	6.5	6.5	6.1	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	70,816	71,044	66,472	-228	4,344
Employed	66,361	66,576	62,527	-215	3,834
Unemployed	4,455	4,468	3,945	-13	510
Rate	6.3	6.3	5.9	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,571	17,755	18,414	-184	-843
Employed	16,252	16,414	17,177	-162	-925
Unemployed	1,319	1,341	1,237	-22	82
Rate	7.5	7.6	6.7	xxx	xxx

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary October 1979	Revised September 1979	October 1978	Change From September 1979	Change From October 1978
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,370,145	2,359,400	2,335,808	10,745	34,337
Employed	2,248,497	2,243,563	2,210,809	4,934	37,688
Unemployed	121,648	115,837	124,999	5,811	-3,351
Rate	5.1	4.9	5.4	xxx	xxx
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,367,909	1,361,741	1,346,486	6,168	21,423
Employed	1,299,003	1,294,637	1,274,177	4,366	24,826
Unemployed	68,906	67,104	72,309	1,802	-3,403
Rate	5.0	4.9	5.4	xxx	xxx
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,002,236	997,659	989,322	4,577	12,914
Employed	949,494	948,926	936,632	568	12,862
Unemployed	52,742	48,733	52,690	4,009	52
Rate	5.3	4.9	5.3	xxx	xxx

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of (1) All persons who did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) All persons who did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) All persons who were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of (1) All persons who did not have a job during the survay week and who made a specific effort to find a job during the past four weeks; (2) All persons who were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) All persons who were not working and who were waiting to report to a a new job within 30 days

According to BLS definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of (1) Current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) Persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) Claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) Persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

These major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some domestics, and unpaid family workers